

CERTIFICATION

AOAC® Performance TestedSM

Certificate No.

051703

The AOAC Research Institute hereby certifies the test kit known as:

BACSpec Listeria

manufactured by

Eurofins Technologies Hungary Kft. 1047 Budapest Fóti út 56. A. ép. Hungary

This method has been evaluated in the AOAC® *Performance Tested Methods*SM Program and found to perform as stated by the manufacturer contingent to the comments contained in the manuscript. This certificate means that an AOAC® Certification Mark License Agreement has been executed which authorizes the manufacturer to display the AOAC *Performance Tested* SM certification mark along with the statement - "THIS METHOD'S PERFORMANCE WAS REVIEWED BY AOAC RESEARCH INSTITUTE AND WAS FOUND TO PERFORM TO THE MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS" - on the above mentioned method for a period of one calendar year from the date of this certificate (January 15, 2020 – December 31, 2020). Renewal may be granted at the end of one year under the rules stated in the licensing agreement.

Scott Coates, Senior Director
Signature for AOAC Research Institute

January 15, 2020

Date

METHOD AUTHORS

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SUBMITTING COMPANY

Eurofins GeneScan Engesserstraße 4

79108 Freiburg, Germany **Former Company Name**

Eurofins GeneScan Technologies GmbH

Engesserstraße 4 79108 Freiburg, Germany **CURRENT COMPANY NAME**

Eurofins Technologies Hungary Kft.

1047 Budapest Fóti út 56. A. ép. Hungary

KIT NAME(S)

Creac 'h Gwen

BACSpec Listeria

CATALOG NUMBERS

4323410201, 4323410205

AOAC EXPERTS AND PEER REVIEWERS

Yvonne Salfinger¹, Michael Brodsky², Elliot Ryser³ ¹Retired Florida Department of Agriculture, FL, USA ² Brodsky Consultants, Thornhill, Ontario, Canada

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APPLICABILITY OF METHOD

INDEPENDENT LABORATORY

29196 Quimper Cedex, France

ADRIA Développement

Target organism - Listeria spp. (including L. monocytogenes, L. seeligeri, L. welshimeri, L. marthii, L invanovii, L. grayi, L innocua, and L. rocourtiae)

Matrices - (25 g) - vegetable salad, frozen cantaloupe, soft white cheese, raw whole milk, Frankfurter sausages, process water, smoked salmon, frozen cooked shrimp stainless steel (1 x 1 in), sealed ceramic tile (4 x 4 in)

Performance claims - Performance equivalent to reference method for the food matrixes and environmental surfaces tested.

REFERENCE METHOD

ISO 11290-1/A1 (2004). Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs horizontal method for the detection and enumeration of Listeria monocytogenes - Part 1: detection method (3)

ORIGINAL CERTIFICATION DATE

May 12, 2017

CERTIFICATION RENEWAL RECORD

Renewed annually through December 2020

METHOD MODIFICATION RECORD

1. January 2019 Level 2

2. January 2020 Level 2

SUMMARY OF MODIFICATION

Long-term stability change from 12 to 24 months 1.

Manufacturing locations: addition of Budapest, Hungary to compliment Freiburg, Germany location

Under this AOAC® Performance TestedSM License Number, 051703 this method is distributed by: NONE

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PRINCIPLE OF THE METHOD (1)

Introduction to the BACSpec Listeria method

The BACSpec Listeria method is a qualitative sandwich ELISA (Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay) for the detection of the flagella antigen of Listeria spp. in selected foodstuffs, process water and environmental samples. Utilizing antigen-antibody-binding and enzyme catalyzed color reactions. The assay ensures the potential for high specificity and sensitivity in detection of Listeria with flagella. Samples are first enriched in Half Fraser broth followed secondary enrichment in Eurofins Listeria Enrichment Broth (ELEB) to resuscitate any injured Listeria cells and support their subsequent growth. After completion of the enrichment steps, an aliquot is removed and heat-inactivated. These sample preparations are then analyzed by ELISA.

BACSpec Listeria ELISA detects specifically the flagella protein of Listeria (Listeria antigen), which is produced by the organism. There are two types of ELISA: Sandwich and Competitive. For detection of large molecules like the protein-antigens from Listeria flagella, the principle of sandwich ELISA is applied. The method BACSpec Listeria is carried out on a 96-well microtiter plate (MTP). In each well of the MTP antibodies against Listeria antigens are immobilized. If samples containing Listeria antigens are added into the wells, the antibodies recognize and capture the antigens. After a washing step an antibody-peroxidase conjugate is added which binds to the antigen and is subsequently captured by the immobilized antibodies on the wells of the MTP. After a second washing step, a substrate (TMB) solution for peroxidase is added. The peroxidase then catalyzes a reaction, which generates a blue color in the substrate solution. After incubation the reaction is stopped and the color turns yellow. The optical density (OD) of the yellow-colored solution can be measured with a microplate reader (Fig 1).

The OD is proportional to the concentration of *Listeria* antigen in the sample. A threshold is defined to evaluate the results. Samples with OD signals above the threshold will be designated as positive.

Brief description of the BACSpec Listeria method

The test portion is first enriched in Half Fraser medium for 24±2 h at 30±1°C. Thereafter, 0.2 mL of the Half Fraser medium is transferred into 10 mL of Eurofins Listeria Enrichment Broth (ELEB) and incubated for 24±2 h at 30±1°C. After the second enrichment step, aliquots of 0.5-1.0 mL are heat inactivated at 85-100°C, cooled and subjected to ELISA.

The ELISA plate has 96 wells. Since three wells are needed for the Blank, NC and PC, each plate can be used for a maximum of 93 samples. The procedure is described as follows:

- Pipette 100 μl of NC, PC and all samples into the wells. The well for the Blank is left empty.
- Incubate the plate for 30-35 min at 37±1°C
- Wash the wells with washing buffer 5-7 times.
- Add 100 μL of conjugate to the wells. The well for Blank is left empty.
- Incubate the plate for 30-35 min at 37±1°C
- Wash the wells with washing buffer 5-7 times.
- Add 100 μL of substrate to all wells.
- Incubate the plate for 30±1 min at room temperature (20-25°C).
- Add 100 μL of stop solution to all wells
- Take the OD measurement at 450 nm
- Subtract the Blank from the OD values for NC, PC and all samples.
- Evaluate the results.

Confirmation of presumptive positive ELISA results is conducted by streaking 10 µL of ELEB onto two selective media - Ottiviani and Agosti (O&A) and PALCAM, followed by 24-48 h of incubation at 37±1°C. Presumptive *Listeria* colonies are further confirmed by either the tests described in the reference method (ISO 11290-1) or a biochemical gallery directly without a further purification step.

Certification by AFNOR according to ISO 16140

The method was also certified according to ISO 16140-2 (2016) by AFNOR (Reference No. EGS38/04-01/17) for the following food categories: meat and meat products; milk and dairy products; vegetables; fish and seafood; composite foods and environmental samples.

DISCUSSION OF THE VALIDATION STUDY (1)

BACSpec Listeria is a Sandwich-ELISA-based method used for the detection of Listeria in various food and environmental samples. This report presents the AOAC Research Institute Performance Tested MethodsSM validation study according to the current AOAC validation guidelines. After a two-step enrichment in Half Fraser Broth and Eurofins Listeria Enrichment Broth (ELEB), an aliquot of the secondary enrichment in ELEB is heat-inactivated and then tested by Sandwich-ELISA for the presence of Listeria including L. monocytogenes, L. seeligeri, L. welshimeri, L. innocua, L. marthii, L. invanovii, L. grayi, and L. rocourtiae. The study consists of an inclusivity/exclusivity study and a method comparison study for seven food matrixes (mayonnaise-based vegetable salad, frankfurters, raw whole milk, soft white cheese, frozen cantaloupe balls, smoked salmon, and frozen shrimp), one process water (from a vegetable sausage production site), and two environmental surfaces (stainless steel 304L and sealed ceramic tile). The method comparison was conducted using a paired study design for all matrixes. The screening results were confirmed using EN ISO 11290-1 and using Ottiviani and Agosti (O&A) and PALCAM plates by streaking 10 µL of the secondary enrichment (ELEB) onto the plates with subsequent incubation at 37±1°C for 24-48 hours. Presumptive colonies were then identified by either the tests described in the reference method or by using a biochemical gallery directly on a colony without a purification step. The performance of the candidate method was compared to EN ISO 11290-1/A1 (2004): Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs - Horizontal method for the detection and enumeration of Listeria monocytogenes - Part 1: Detection method. For the inclusivity, all 87 of the Listeria spp. organisms tested were correctly identified. For the exclusivity, all 30 of the non-Listeria organisms were correctly called negative. For the matrix study, all samples enriched and tested with the BACSpec Listeria methods were culturally confirmed by the BACSpec Listeria confirmation procedures according to ISO 11290-1/A1 (2004). Statistical analysis was conducted according to the Probability of Detection (POD) statistical model and there were no statistically significant differences in the number of positive samples detected by the BACSpec Listeria and the reference method for all 10 matrixes. Additionally, this report includes a ruggedness study and a lot-to-lot comparison study. The ruggedness study showed no significant impact of the variation of critical parameters, indicating that the BACSpec Listeria method is robust under the study conditions. The lot-to-lot comparison study demonstrated that the production at Eurofins GeneScan GmbH can be realized in a standardized fashion, and the BACSpec Listeria kit gave a constant performance over three independently produced lots.

Table 1: Inclusivity study results for BACSpec Listeria (1)										
			Stra	CELL/mal			Spec Listeria			
						CFU/mL enriched	ELISA		Confi	irmation
No.	Genus	Species	Source ^a	Molecular serotypes	Origin	ELEB	O.D.	Result	O&A	PALCAM
1	Listeria	monocytogenes	Adria 153	VI b	Soft cheese (Munster)	8.3 x 10 ⁶	2.181	+b	H+ ^c	+
2	Listeria	monocytogenes	1011/1410	II a	Frozen broccoli	4.2 x 10 ⁶	2.155	+	H+	+
3	Listeria	monocytogenes	1972/2399	VI b	Puff pastry with mushrooms	6.3×10^6	1.502	+	H+	+
4	Listeria	monocytogenes	1973/2400	VI b	Puff pastry egg and ham (Quichelorraine)	3.6 x 10 ⁶	1.703	+	H+	+
5	Listeria	monocytogenes	2407/3139	IV b	Tripes with tomatoes	6.7 x 10 ⁶	1.420	+	H+	+
6	Listeria	monocytogenes	2760/3145	II a	Raw bacon	5.1×10^6	1.520	+	H+	+
7	Listeria	monocytogenes	32.183	II b	Croque-Monsieur	5.1×10^6	2.275	+	H+	+
8	Listeria	monocytogenes	38/181	II a	Toulouse sausages	5.6×10^6	1.205	+	H+	+
9	Listeria	monocytogenes	5721/6179	IV b	Smoked bacon	7.1 x 10 ⁶	1.135	+	H+	+
10	Listeria	monocytogenes	7111/7516	IV b	Pâté (Rillettes)	5.6 x 10 ⁶	1.667	+	H+	+
11	Listeria	monocytogenes	850/109	II a	Ready-to-eat food (deli salad with seafood)	4.4 x 10 ⁶	1.454	+	H+	+
12	Listeria	monocytogenes	877/113	II a	Environmental sample (pastry)	4.9×10^6	1.667	+	H+	+
13	Listeria	monocytogenes	913/1048	IV b	Black pudding	7.5 x 10 ⁶	1.778	+	H+	+
14	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00C014	II a	Sausage	4.7×10^6	1.002	+	H+	+
15	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00C022	II a	Merguez	5.8 x 10 ⁶	1.392	+	H+	+
16	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00C024	II a	Sausage	4.9 x 10 ⁶	2.060	+	H+	+
17	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00C036	II a	Poultry (guinea)	8.3 x 10 ⁶	1.446	+	H+	+
18	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00C039	II a	Sausages	6.7 x 10 ⁶	1.339	+	H+	+
19	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00C040	IV b	Cooked delicatessen (Museau)	7.9 x 10 ⁶	1.650	+	H+	+
20	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00C041	La	Sausage	1.0 x 10 ⁷	1.432	+	H+	+
21	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00C042	IV b	Raw sausage	1.2 x 10 ⁷	1.664	+	H+	+
22	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00C043	II a	Smoked bacon	8.3×10^6	1.374	+	H+	+
23	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00C044	II b	Poultry (duck)	6.7×10^6	1.950	+	H+	+
24	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00C052	II b	Ready-to-eat food (Osso bucco with turkey)	6.7 x 10 ⁶	2.239	+	H+	+
25	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00C053	II a	Gizzards	1.2 x 10 ⁷	0.639	+	H+	+
26	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00C054	IV b	Beef heart	4.7×10^6	1.491	+	H+	+
27	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00C055	II a	Raw sausages	7.9×10^6	1.763	+	H+	+
28	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00E008	II a	Environmental sample	8.3 x 10 ⁶	1.290	+	H+	+
29	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00E049	II a	Environmental sample (samoked salmon)	7.1 x 10 ⁶	0.867	+	H+	+
30	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00E082	II a	Environmental sample (smoked salmon)	7.1 x 10 ⁶	1.685	+	H+	+
31	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00L097	II a	Milk	8.7×10^6	1.666	+	H+	+
32	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00M009	II a	Smoked salmon	6.7 x 10 ⁶	1.489	+	H+	+
33	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00M032	IV b	Smoked salmon	5.1 x 10 ⁶	1.453	+	H+	+
34	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00M045	II a	Smoked salmon	7.9 x 10 ⁶	1.173	+	H+	+
35	Listeria	monocytogenes	A00M088	II a	Smoked salmon	4.2 x 10 ⁶	1.532	+	H+	+
36	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad235	II b	Poultry	8.7 x 10 ⁶	2.029	+	H+	+
37	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad253	II b	Hard cheese	8.7 x 10 ⁶	0.718	+	H+	+

38	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad260	II a	Semi hard cheese	7.5 x 10 ⁶	2.550	+	H+	+
39	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad265	Пb	Tongue	5.6 x 10 ⁶	2.147	+	H+	+
40	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad266	II a	Poultry	4.2 x 10 ⁶	2.212	+	H+	+
41	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad267	II b	Dry sausage	6.0 x 10 ⁶	1.641	+	H+	+
42	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad268	IV b	Cured ham	1.1 x 10 ⁶	0.428	+	H+	+
43	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad270	IV b	Fermented sausage	2.0 x 10 ⁶	1.632	+	H+	+
44	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad272	IV b	Fermented sausage	9.6 x 10 ⁵	1.791	+	H+	+
45	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad273	II b	Cured delicatessen	3.6 x 10 ⁵	1.449	+	H+	+
46	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad274	II a	Ready-to-eat food (Asiatic meal)	3.2 x 10 ⁵	1.483	+	H+	+
47	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad534	II b	Fruits	6.8 x 10 ⁵	1.752	+	H+	+
48	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad544	II a	Onion	1.0×10^6	1.754	+	H+	+
49	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad548	II a	Environment (seafood)	2.3 x 10 ⁶	1.577	+	H+	+
50	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad546	II a	Flour	1.8 x 10 ⁵	1.646	+	H+	+
51	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad623	II b	Bread crumbs	9.8 x 10 ⁵	1.858	+	H+	+
52	Listeria	monocytogenes	Ad665	II a	Raw milk	1.8 x 10 ⁵	1.841	+	H+	+
53	Listeria	grayi	Ad1198	N/A	Smoked salmon	9.6 x 10 ⁵	0.855	+	H-	st ^d
54	Listeria	grayi	Ad1443	N/A	Pork meat sausages	8.7 x 10 ⁵	1.727	+	H-	st
55	Listeria	grayi	Ad1295	N/A	Spinach	3.6×10^6	0.323	+	H-	st
56	Listeria	grayi	Ad1490	N/A	Salmon terrine	1.4×10^7	0.342	+	H-	st
57	Listeria	grayi	Ad2148	N/A	Pork rillettes	1.6 x 10 ⁷	0.305	+	H-	st
58	Listeria	innocua	Adria 1	N/A	Smoked salmon	1.8 x 10 ⁶	1.998	+	H-	+
59	Listeria	innocua	Ad658	N/A	Gorgonzola	5.7 x 10 ⁶	1.629	+	H-	+
60	Listeria	innocua	Ad655	N/A	Brine	2.4 x 10 ⁶	1.976	+	H-	+
61	Listeria	innocua	Ad660	N/A	Bread crumbs	2.2 x 10 ⁶	1.448	+	H-	+
62	Listeria	innocua	Ad663	N/A	Environment (dairy industry)	2.8 x 10 ⁶	2.773	+	H-	+
63	Listeria	innocua	Ad671	N/A	Smoked bacon	5.0 x 10 ⁶	1.885	+	H-	+
64	Listeria	innocua	Ad661	N/A	Soft cheese (Pont L'Evêque)	2.8 x 10 ⁶	1.769	+	H-	+
65	Listeria	innocua	Ad659	N/A	Environment (dairy industry)	3.0×10^6	2.580	+	H-	+
66	Listeria	ivanovii	Ad466	N/A	Raw veal meat	5.4 x 10 ⁶	2.770	+	H+	+
67	Listeria	ivanovii	Ad662	N/A	Environment (dairy industry)	2.0 x 10 ⁴	0.487	+	H+	+
68	Listeria	ivanovii	BR11	N/A	Environment (fish)	6.0 x 10 ⁴	0.445	+	H+	+
69	Listeria	ivanovii	Ad1289	N/A	Raw milk cheese	1.4 x 10 ⁵	0.609	+	H+	+
70	Listeria	ivanovii	Ad1290	N/A	Milk powder	6.0 x 10 ⁴	0.487	+	H+	+
71	Listeria	ivanovii	Ad1291	N/A	Poultry	1.3 x 10 ⁶	0.749	+	H+	+
72	Listeria	ivanovii	Ad1288	N/A	Sheep milk	5.7 x 10 ⁴	0.413	+	H+	+
73	Listeria	ivanovii Iondoniensis	CIP103466	N/A	N/A	1.0 x 10 ⁵	1.321	+	H+	+
74	Listeria	seeligeri	Ad649	N/A	Cheese	4.0 x 10 ⁴	0.908	+	H-	+
75	Listeria	seeligeri	Ad651	N/A	Environment	7.2 x 10 ⁵	1.096	+	H-	+
76	Listeria	seeligeri	Ad652	N/A	Environment (dairy industry)	6.0 x 10 ⁴	0.586	+	H-	+
77	Listeria	seeligeri	Ad674	N/A	Soft cheese (Munster)	1.8 x 10 ⁵	0.871	+	H-	+
78	Listeria	seeligeri	BR1	N/A	Trout	9.0 x 10 ⁵	1.200	+	H-	+

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79	Listeria	seeligeri	BR18	N/A	Environment (fish)	4.6 x 10 ⁵	0.652	+	H-	+
80	Listeria	seeligeri	CIP100100	N/A	N/A	4.8 x 10 ⁵	1.258	+	H-	+
81	Listeria	welshimeri	Ad1276	N/A	Environment (Slaughterhouse)	5.0 x 10 ⁵	1.473	+	H-	+
82	Listeria	welshimeri	Ad1235	N/A	Beef meat	8.7 x 10 ⁵	1.332	+	H-	+
83	Listeria	welshimeri	191424	N/A	Poultry	5.7 x 10 ⁵	1.613	+	H-	+
84	Listeria	welshimeri	Ad1175	N/A	Ready-to-eat food	6.0 x 10 ⁴	1.700	+	H-	+
85	Listeria	welshimeri	Ad 650	N/A	Poultry	1.2 x 10 ⁵	1.931	+	H-	+
86	Listeria	marthii	DSM 23813T	N/A	Environment (flour)	4 x 10 ⁵	0.554	+	H-	+
87	Listeria	rocourtiae	DSM 22097T	N/A	Vegetables (salad)	9.9 x 10 ⁶	0.983	+	H-	+

^a Source: Adria, Ad, A000, 000/000 and EN: collection of Adria Développement, France. CIP: Collection of Institute Pasteur, France. DSM: Deutsche Sammlung von Mikroogramismen und Zellkulturen GmbH, Germany. BR: Collection of L'agence Française de Sécurité Sanitaire, France. ^b + = positive, Listeria colonies on plate; ^c H+/H- = positive, Listeria colonies with/without halo; ^d st = plate without any colony

Table 2: I	Table 2: Exclusivity study results for BACSpec Listeria (1)									
			BACSpec Listeria							
No.	Genus	Species	Source ^a Origin		Inoculation level CFU/mL	ELISA				
	denus	Species	Jource	Oligili	·	O.D.	Result			
1	Bacillus	cereus	Ad465	Salmon Terrine	2.6 x 10 ⁵	0.051	-			
2	Bacillus	circulans	Ad760	Vegetables	2.6 x 10 ⁴	0.135	-			
3	Bacillus	coagulans	Ad731	Dairy product	2.0 x 10 ⁴	0.068	-			
4	Bacillus	licheniformis	Ad978	Dairy product	1.0 x 10 ⁵	0.082	-			
5	Bacillus	mycoïdes	Ad762	Milk	4.4 x 10 ⁵	0.065	-			
6	Bacillus	pseudomycoides	Ad765	Vegetables	6.0 x 10 ⁴	0.064	-			
7	Bacillus	pumilus	Ad284	Ready-to-eat	5.0 x 10 ⁵	0.076	-			
8	Bacillus	weihenstephanensis	Ad726	Egg product	6.6 x 10 ⁴	0.104	-			
9	Brochothrix	thermosphacta	EN 15129	Trout	2.6 x 10 ⁴	0.036	-			
10	Brochrotrix	campestris	CIP 102920 T	Environment	6.0 x 10 ⁴	0.033	-			
11	Carnobacterium	divergens	CIP 101029T	unknown	3.0 x 10 ⁴	0.044	-			
12	Carnobacterium	piscicola	Ad369	Raw milk	9.2 x 10 ⁴	0.043	-			
13	Enterococcus	durans	Ad149	Ham	4.6 x 10 ⁴	0.035	-			
14	Enterococcus	faecalis	Adria 89L326	Soft cheese (Vacherin)	3.4×10^6	0.032	-			
15	Lactobacillus	brevis	Adria 86L126	Ham	8.0 x 10 ⁵	0.037	-			
16	Lactobacillus	curvatus	Ad380	Delicatessen	5.0 x 10 ⁵	0.044	-			
17	Lactobacillus	fermentum	Ad482	Tomatoes juice	9.9 x 10 ⁶	0.030	-			
18	Lactobacillus	sakei	Ad473	Ham	4.2 x 10 ⁴	0.040	-			
19	Lactococcus	lactis subsp cremoris	Ad137	Dairy product	6.0 x 10 ⁵	0.048	-			
20	Leuconostoc	carnosum	Ad411	Ham	2.2 x 10 ⁵	0.047	-			
21	Leuconostoc	citreum	Ad396	Ham	4.8 x 10 ⁴	0.039	-			
22	Micrococcus	luteus	Ad432	Cocktail	5.0 x 10 ⁵	0.037	-			
23	Pediococcus	pentosaceus	ATCC 33316	N/A	8.3 x 10 ⁵	0.059	-			
24	Propionibacterium	freundenreichii	CNRZ 725	Dairy product	1.0 x 10 ⁴	0.031	-			
25	Staphylococcus	aureus	Ad165	Smoked delicatessen	1.2 x 10 ⁵	0.084	-			
26	Staphylococcus	epidermidis	Ad931	Fruits	2.0 x 10 ⁴	0.035	-			
27	Staphylococcus	haemoliticus	Ad989	Dairy product	8.0 x 10 ⁴	0.050	-			
28	Streptococcus	bovis	Adria 92L622	Dairy product	8.0 x 10 ⁵	0.036	-			
29	Streptococcus	salivarius subsp. thermophilus	Ad441	Dairy product	4.8 x 10 ⁴	0.036	-			
30	Macrococcus	caseolyticus	CIP100755	Milk	8.3 x 10 ⁵	0.033	-			

^a Source: Adria, Ad, A000, 000/000 and EN: collection of Adria Développement, France. CIP: Collection of Institute Pasteur, France. ATCC: American Type Culture Collection, USA. CNRZ: Centre National de Recherches Zootechniques (Animal Research Centre), France

Table 5: POD statistics of candidate presumptive vs. candidate confirmed method results of BACSpec Listeria (1)												
	Strain	MPN ^a /test portion	N ^b	Presumptive				Confir	med	'		
Matrix				X ^c	POD _{CP} ^d	95% CI	Х	POD _{cc} ^e	95% CI	$dPOD_{CP,CC}^f$	95% CI ^g	
		N/A ^h	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Deli Salad	L. mono- cytogenes	1.04 (0.64, 1.76)	20	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	0.00	N/A	
	Ad494	5.02 (2.18, 12.17)	5	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
		N/A	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Frankfurter	L. mono- cytogenes Ad669	1.14 (0.71, 1.93)	20	15	0.75	(0.53, 0.89)	15	0.75	(0.53, 0.89)	0.00	N/A	
	A0009	1.75 (0.66, 5.65)	5	4	0.80	(0.38, 1.00)	4	0.80	(0.38, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
		N/A	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Soft White Cheese	<i>L. ivanovii</i> Ad1337	1.20 (0.74, 2.08)	20	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	0.00	N/A	
		3.42 (2.09, 6.92)	5	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
	L. seeligeri Ad1754	ine 5	N/A	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A
Cantaloupe			0.65 (0.37, 1.09)	20	16	0.80	(0.58, 0.92)	16	0.80	(0.58, 0.92)	0.00	N/A
		2.5 (1.02, 9.4)	5	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
	L. innocua Ad1200	N/A	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Frozen Shrimp		0.99 (0.61, 1.69)	20	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	0.00	N/A	
		1.64 (1.64, 1.64)	5	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
	L. mono- cytogenes Ad670	N/A	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Smoked Salmon		0.91 (0.64, 1.76)	20	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	0.00	N/A	
		7.34 (3.65, 16.76)	5	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
		N/A	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Raw Milk	L. mono- cytogenes	1.57 (1.01, 2.59)	20	15	0.75	(0.53, 0.89)	15	0.75	(0.53, 0.89)	0.00	N/A	
	Ad618	5.02 (2.18, 12.17)	5	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
		N/A	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Process Water	L. mono- cytogenes	0.45 (0.24, 0.71)	20	9	0.45	(0.26, 0.66)	9	0.45	(0.26, 0.66)	0.00	N/A	
	Ad551	1.64 (1.64, 1.64)	5	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
	L. mono-	N/A ⁱ	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Stainless Steel 304L	cytogenes	N/A ⁱ	20	11	0.55	(0.34, 0.74)	11	0.55	(0.34, 0.74)	0.00	N/A	
	Ad551	N/A ⁱ	5	4	0.80	(0.38, 1.00)	4	0.80	(0.38, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
Control	L. mono-	N/A ⁱ	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Sealed ceramic	cytogenes Ad551 & L.	N/A ⁱ	20	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	0.00	N/A	
Surface	innocua Ad653	N/A ⁱ	5	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	

^oMPN = Most Probable Number is based on the POD of reference method test portions using the Least Cost Formulation MPN calculator with 95% confidence interval. ^bN = Number of test potions; ^cx = Number of positive test portions; ^dPOD_{CP} = Probability of Detection of presumptive candidate method - positive outcomes divided by the total number of trials; ^ePOD_{CC} = probability of detection for the confirmation method according to ISO 11290-1/A1 - positive outcomes divided by the total number of trials; ^fdPOD_{CP,CC} = Difference between POD values of presumptive candidate method (POD_{CP}) and confirmation (POD_{CC}) results; ^g95% CI = If the confidence interval of *a dPOD does not contain zero, then the difference is statistically significant at the 5% level;* ^hN/A = not applicable; ⁱ Instead MPN, CFU/test area were determined for environmental surfaces by plating the inoculum in triplicate onto non-selective agar

Table 6: POD statistics of candidate confirmed results versus reference method results of BACSpec Listeria (1)												
••••	Strain	MPN ^a /test portion	N ^b	BACSpec Listeria confirmed				Reference	Method	(2701 619	
Matrix				Xc	POD _c ^d	95% CI	Х	POD _R ^e	95% CI	− dPOD _{C,R} ^f	95% CI ^g	
		N/A ^h	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Deli Salad	L. mono- cytogenes	1.04 (0.64, 1.76)	20	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	0.00	N/A	
	Ad494	5.02 (2.18, 12.17)	5	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
		N/A	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Frankfurter	L. mono- cytogenes	1.14 (0.71, 1.93)	20	15	0.75	(0.53, 0.89)	15	0.75	(0.53, 0.89)	0.00	N/A	
	Ad669	1.75 (0.66, 5.65)	5	4	0.80	(0.38, 1.00)	4	0.80	(0.38, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
		N/A	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Soft White Cheese	<i>L. ivanovii</i> Ad1337	1.2 (0.74, 2.08)	20	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	0.00	N/A	
		3.42 (2.09, 6.92)	5	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
		N/A	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Cantaloupe	L. seeligeri Ad1754	,	0.65 (0.37, 1.09)	20	16	0.80	(0.58, 0.92)	11	0.55	(0.34, 0.74)	0.25	(-0.04, 0.49)
		2.5 (1.02, 9.4)	5	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	4	0.80	(0.38, 1.00)	0.20	(-0.28, 0.62)	
	L. innocua Ad1200	N/A	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Frozen Shrimp		0.99 (0.61, 1.69)	20	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	15	0.75	(0.53, 0.89)	-0.05	(-0.31, 0.22)	
•		1.64 (1.64, 1.64)	5	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
	L. mono- cytogenes Ad670	N/A	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Smoked Salmon		0.91 (0.64, 1.76)	20	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	0.00	N/A	
		7.34 (3.65, 16.76)	5	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
		N/A	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Raw Milk	L. mono- cytogenes	1.57 (1.01, 2.59)	20	15	0.75	(0.53, 0.89)	15	0.75	(0.53, 0.89)	0.00	N/A	
	Ad618	5.02 (2.18, 12.17)	5	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
		N/A	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Process Water	L. mono- cytogenes	0.45 (0.24, 0.71)	20	9	0.45	(0.26, 0.66)	9	0.45	(0.26, 0.66)	0.00	N/A	
	Ad551	1.64 (1.64, 1.64)	5	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
Ctoinlan	L. mono-	N/A ⁱ	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
Stainless Steel 304L	cytogenes	N/A ⁱ	20	11	0.55	(0.34, 0.74)	11	0.55	(0.34, 0.74)	0.00	N/A	
	Ad551	N/A ⁱ	5	4	0.80	(0.38, 1.00)	4	0.80	(0.38, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	
Sealed	L. mono-	N/A ⁱ	5	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0	0.00	(0.00, 0.43)	0.00	N/A	
ceramic	cytogenes Ad551 & L.	N/A ⁱ	20	14	0.70	(0.48, 0.85)	13	0.65	(0.43, 0.82)	0.05	(-0.23, 0.32)	
Surface	innocua Ad653	N/A ⁱ	5	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	5	1.00	(0.57, 1.00)	0.00	N/A	

 $^{^{}o}$ MPN = Most Probable Number is based on the POD of reference method test portions using the Least Cost Formulation MPN calculator with 95% confidence interval. b N = Number of test potions; c x = Number of positive test portions; d POD $_{c}$ = Probability of Detection of confirmed candidate method - positive outcomes divided by the total number of trials; g POD $_{R}$ = probability of detection of reference method - positive outcomes divided by the total number of trials; f dPOD $_{C,R}$ = Difference between POD values of confirmed candidate method (POD $_{c}$) and reference method (POD $_{R}$) results; g 95% CI = If the confidence interval of a dPOD does not contain zero, then the difference is statistically significant at the 5% level; h N/A not applicable; f Instead MPN, CFU/test area were determined for environmental surfaces by plating the inoculum in triplicate onto non-selective agar

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